

STONY PLAIN SUN.

VOLUME FIVE.

STONY PLAIN, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, JUNE 25, 1925

Whole Number 256

This is the Proper Time

to have your House or Barn
Eavetroughed.

Your House Piped and Ready
for the Furnace.

We do this work and can quote
you reasonable prices.

Manual Schadeck in charge of
our Tin-shop. All work guar-
anteed.

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A. E. MICHAEL,
A GOOD PLACE TO TRADE.

The Coming Conventions.

On Wednesday next, July 1st begins the Synodical conference of the Lutherans (Missouri Synod) of the provinces of Alberta and British Columbia, in Stony Plain. The sessions will be held in St. Matthew's Church each day from Wednesday, July 1st to Wednesday, July 8th. The pulpit at St. Matthew's Church, it is expected, will be filled on Sunday, July 5th by the visiting clergymen.

The convention of the Walter Leagues of Alberta and British Columbia does not convene until Saturday, July 4th and concludes the next day, the 5th. A very good

Calendar.

June 27.—Secretary Pidgeon in Stony Plain.
29.—Liberal Convention in Stony Plain.
July 1.—Stony Plain's annual Sports Day.
1 to 8.—Synodical Conference at St. Matthew's Church.
3.—Luga Councillors meet in Stony Plain.
3.—U. F. A. dance at Holborn Hall.
4-5.—Convocation of Wallasea Leagues in Stony Plain.
13 to 15.—Edmonton Exhibition and Stampede.

representation of the young people of the two provinces is expected at this two-day session, and the local Leagues are preparing to give them a hearty reception.

CLOSING NOTICES.

The business houses in Stony Plain close every Wednesday at 1 p. m. during June, July and August.

Stony Plain Postoffice will be closed Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock in June, July, Aug.

The three elevators in Stony will close Wednesday at 1 p. m. during July and August.

LOCAL NEWS.

Miss Robbins, of Donalda is visiting this week in Stony Plain with her brother Leslie Robbins.

Mr and Mrs Fred Bloenker of Decatur, Indiana, are visiting this week at the Glory Hills Parsonage with Rev C and Mrs Reppert, the latter being their daughter.

Mr and Mrs Michael are visiting friends in Sedgewick this week.

Mrs M. G. Worsley of Chicago arrived in Stony last week and is visiting with her son George Worsley, north of town.

The demonstration of blowing up stumps, billed for the Ingram farm at Carvel, has been changed to Chas. Schults farm on July 8.

The committee in charge of Dominion Day sports held a meeting Monday night and arranged the program for the afternoon.

Mr O Oppertshauser has acquired one of those handsome new Chevrolet autos from Ed Somerfelt.

While the ball game was in progress yesterday at Spruce Grove sports, Jolin Ulmer, who lives near St. Matthew's school No. 1, was struck in the face with the end of a baseball bat which broke in the hands of a batter at the plate. He was conveyed to Stony, where his injuries were attended to.

The graduating class from Concordia College, Edmonton, were given a reception in Stony Plain Sunday night by their friends. Quite a large number were present, and several congratulatory speeches were made. The members of this class proceed to St. Louis in the fall, to finish their studies. Stony Plain district is well represented in this class.

Holborn U. F. A. is arranging for a big time at the dance in their hall two evening of July 3d.

While helping raise a building on his farm yesterday, Mr George Kulak had the misfortune to have a beam he was holding slip, striking him on the jaw, breaking it. He received medical attention, and was afterward taken to the City.

Fischer Restaurant

Opposite Royal Hotel.

ALL WHITE HELP.

GOOD MEALS AT REA-

SONABLE PRICES.

SOFT DRINKS.

Albert Fischer, Prop.

GET IT AT

HARDWICK'S

+++

ON SALE,

at greatly reduced prices, the following:

All Our Ladies' Dress es;

The Balance of Our Ladies' Hats;

The balance of Girls' & Children's Hats

Children's Dresses, all ages,
from 60 cents up.

All This Season's Stock.

You Can Fit Out the Family to
Great Advantage.

+++

Get It at HARDWICK'S.



**They're Going Fast---
You'll Have to Hurry!**

ALL 10-IN. DOUBLE-SIDED 75c.

**"HIS MASTER'S VOICE"
VICTOR RECORDS**

UNTIL JULY 8

55c.

latest releases---popular hits. Get Yours Now!

+++

J. F. CLARKE, THE REXALL STORE
STONY PLAIN, ALBERTA.

NOW IS THE TIME FOR

Cream Separators and Dairy Utensils.

WE HAVE—

DeLaval No. 10 at \$90 cash

De Laval No. 12 at \$100 cash

Red Star No. 30 at \$38 cash

Time Payments can be arranged.

+++

McLary Creamers and Dairy Pails---
various sizes and prices, at

Oppertshauser's.

Community Picnic at Grove.

The picnic held at Spruce Grove yesterday by the Community League was a decided success. The crowd arrived early, and the sports were run on schedule time. The opening ball game was between the Grove and a team from the Reserve, which resulted in a win for the former by 7 to 5. Charlie Giestlinger's band was on the ground and discoursed sweet music—at intervals. There were no races for horses, owing to the track not being in condition. The various committees performed their duties in a very satisfactory manner. The dance in the evening topped off a very delightful day's sports.

Found—Auto license plate No. 25 283.

An excursion train will be run to the Beaches on Dominion Day, passing thru Stony about 10 a.m.



Something New

Dr. Scholl's Podo-graph

A photograph of your foot! A wonderful invention by Dr. Wm. M. Scholl, the noted foot authority. In a moment—without removing booties—we can make an exact impression of your feet, so clear and simple that you can see for yourself their true condition. It's a pleasure for us to render you this exceptional service absolutely free. Our Foot Comfort Expert will explain to you why you have foot trouble and the best method of quickly and permanently eliminating it.

Come in without fail and see our this new Podo-graph service.

PAUL WERNER,

Graduate Practitioner.

Opposite Royal Hotel.

ROSE COFFEE "is good coffee"

Canada's Tied-Up Resources

(Second Article)

Apart from its agricultural lands, the material wealth of Canada is to be found in its natural resources—forests, fisheries and minerals. Through their development for use at home and abroad Canada can obtain much-needed population, traffic for its railways, and financial strength to carry and ultimately discharge the huge national debt of the Dominion.

Why is it, therefore, that in respect to this great mineral wealth so little has been done to develop these resources and thus provide for use by Canadian industries of many of those raw materials, or semi-manufactured products, which at the present time are imported in huge quantities?

The answer cannot be given in a few words, but requires some explanation. In years gone by, protected by a high Customs tariff, Canadian manufacturers had a glorious opportunity to build up their industries in a way where they would have been largely independent of foreign supplies. They neglected their opportunity. Instead of making use of the protection afforded them to develop the coal, iron, copper and other mineral deposits of their own Dominion, they continued to largely import these raw materials, and merely added the amount of the tariff to their selling price and pocketed it as additional profits.

During this period of Canada's history these mineral resources could have been purchased and developed at a fraction of present-day costs. But shortsightedly the manufacturers allowed the opportunity to go unheeded. Others, however, with greater vision began to bestir themselves and quietly, without any flourish of trumpets, United States capitalists and manufacturers have for years past been buying control of the natural resources of Canada.

The policy of United States capitalists and manufacturers has been a far-sighted one, aimed at the accomplishment of two main things. They have secured ownership and control of vital resources in Canada, not with the object of proceeding with their immediate development for use, but with the deliberate intention of tying them up and preventing present development. To what end was such a policy adopted?

In the first place, so long as Canadian manufacturers were content to go on buying supplies from the United States which they could have obtained for themselves through development of resources at home, just so long were these United States interests securing a very profitable business. Furthermore, as long as Canada's resources remained undeveloped, just so long were those supplies kept from entering into competition with similar supplies from the United States and those interested in the United States enabled to thereby maintain prices and control of trade which full development of Canada's resources would have threatened. In other words, the United States not only retained its best foreign customer, but non-development in Canada enabled United States interests to keep prices up at home and abroad.

But there was another consideration which had great weight with United States investors in their purchase of Canada's undeveloped resources. They foresaw that, with the rapid increase in the population of their country, the day was coming when their own natural resources would become exhausted, or at least prove inadequate to meet their own needs. Taking time by the forelock they therefore have been buying up Canada's undeveloped resources and holding them in an undeveloped state in reserve against the day when they will be urgently required and be multiplied many times in value.

Evidence of the truth of these statements can be found on every hand. Rich deposits of copper are known to exist in Canada but are not being developed. They have passed under United States control. Let an oil well be discovered in Western Canada, as they have been, and they are "capped" and only the surplus overflow which would otherwise be wasted is used while the main flow is held in reserve and tanked off of crude oil from the United States continue to feed refineries in this country. This is employment provided in the United States and means of employment checked in Canada; this is traffic provided for United States railways while Canadian railways are operated at a deficit; this is Canadian money steadily diverted to the United States when every dollar is needed at home to carry the heavy burden of our war debt.

On the other hand, enormous development is taking place in the pulp and paper industry of Canada. It is growing by leaps and bounds and is being developed for the most part with foreign capital. Why? Because of the depletion of United States pulp resources and the demand for paper across the line. There is more than one paper mill in Canada, using Canadian water power and Canadian logs, owned entirely by United States interests and whose whole output goes to the United States, while Canadians who have sought to purchase paper have been refused so much as a pound.

With some of the most extensive coal areas in the world, the mining of coal in Canada is still in its infancy while Canadians go on importing scores of millions of dollars' worth of coal every year from the United States. Canadian miners are, for the most part, members of a United States Union. Alberta miners are paid as high wages as anywhere on the continent, yet are constantly on strike for long periods and in receipt of "strike pay" from across the line, while United States miners are busy supplying the Canadian market.

Such is the situation in Canada today. What is the use of Parliament spending its time discussing ways and means of promoting immigration, or of how to stop the exodus of people to the United States, or of considering such futile policies as still higher tariff protection in order to stimulate industry and provide employment, when the basic resources of the Dominion through the development of which employment could be provided, not only for the present population, but millions more, are hopelessly tied up and their development prevented as a matter of deliberate policy?

Distinction
Some men are born famous, some achieve fame, and some send postals to radio stations saying: "Your programme came in fine; we greatly enjoyed the Cod Liver Oil Quartette."

As official painter of fantastic jungle creatures, Miss Isabel Cooper, a member of the expedition investigating the Sargasso Sea, lays claim to having "the most peculiar job in the world."

Fresh and carefully packed in pure olive oil. Keep a stock in the pantry for easily prepared, enjoyable meals.

KING OSCAR SARDINES



Pleasure In Recreation

People in Peru Took Interest in New Pastimes

The inhabitants of a small factory town in Peru took to Y.M.C.A. recreation activities with such enthusiasm that many of them refused to interrupt their play to go home for food. Their leisure pastimes used to consist mainly of drinking and gambling, but now under the direction of a leader from the Lima Association who visits them once a week, they are discovering new pleasures in cage-ball and other games.

Mothers' Best Friend In Rearing Children

Pain and sudden sickness are apt to come upon us at any time and safety lies in having always handy on the shelf a reliable pain relief like good old "Nerviline." For nearly half a century Nerviline has been a family standby, and most mothers have come to rely upon it in case of cold, sore throat, tight chest, sprains, cramps, nausea and sudden attacks of sickness at the stomach. For internal or external use, Nerviline is worth its weight in gold in every home, and costs but 35 cents at all dealers.

If you think that you resemble a great man say nothing about it. The resemblance may cause the moment you open your mouth.

After 10 Years of Asthma Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy proved the only relief for the scratchy user, and this is but one case among many. Little wonder that it has now become the one recognized remedy on the market. It has earned its fame by its never failing effectiveness. It is earning it today as it has done for years. It is the greatest asthma specific within the reach of suffering humanity.



An Attractive House Frock

A frock for which you will find innumerable uses, one that is practical and yet will fill all need for almost any occasion, is here shown. It may be adapted to any material, worn at any time and is delightfully easy to make. It has kimono sleeves, with shoulder seams, and may be of plain gingham for a house dress, or of tulle silk for a sports frock. It may be made with square neck or round neck and collar and with or without cuffs. The pattern, No. 1031, is cut in sizes 34 to 46 inches bust, size 40 requiring 3 1/2 yards of 36 or 40-inch material and 1 1/2 yard of 36-inch contrasting material for trimming.

How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

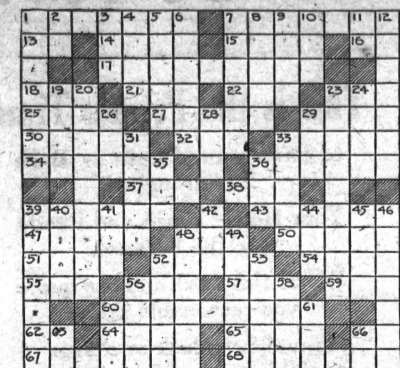
Town

Province

Send 20c coin or stamps (wrap coin carefully)

Minard's Liniment for Backache

OUR CROSSWORD PUZZLE



- | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Horizontal | Vertical |
| 1—Argued. | 53—College dignitaries. |
| 7—Trailing branches of trees. | 54—Woody plant. |
| 13—A advertisement. | 55—Some. |
| 14—Native of Denmark. | 56—Telephone (abbr.). |
| 15—Wild party. | 57—Possesses. |
| 16—Near. | 58—Long fish. |
| 17—Those who practice cruel acts. | 59—Compacts. |
| 18—Explode. | 60—Negative. |
| 19—Young boy. | 61—Leave out. |
| 20—Turn to the right. | 62—Jump. |
| 21—Frozen water. | 63—A parent. |
| 22—Periods. | 64—Make noble. |
| 23—Frozen rain. | 65—Peculiar. |
| 24—Reproves. | |
| 25—You are. | |
| 26—Spanish title for a priest. | |
| 27—Stumbers. | |
| 28—Rely. | |
| 29—Lubricant. | |
| 30—Purses. | |
| 31—Frankness. | |
| 32—Division of a long room. | |
| 33—Vegetable. | |
| 34—502 (Roman numeral). | |
| 35—Oligie. | |
| 36—Sheepfold. | |

She Is Satisfied

With The Results

Quebec Lady Used Dodd's Kidney Pills

Madame E. Tremblay Suffered With Neuralgia, Headaches and Pains in Her Back.

Grosses Roches, Que.—(Special).—No place appears to be too small to furnish at least one person who is prepared to say that they owe their health to the great Canadian Kidney Remedy, Madame E. Tremblay, a well-known resident here, is one of them.

"Your Dodd's Kidney Pills have done me much good. I am very satisfied with the results. I had pains in my back and head. My sleep was broken and unrefreshing, and my appetite was lost. Six boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills have done me much good."

Dodd's Kidney Pills are a kidney remedy. They strengthen the kidneys so they can do their full work of straining the impurities out of the blood. Dodd's Kidney Pills have been used for backaches, diabetes, rheumatism, dropsy, urinary troubles and heart disease. People who use them are loud in their praise.

Expedition in India Valley

Col. Theodore and Kerati Roosevelt, heading the famous Simpson-Pleth Museum, Chicago, expedition to Central Asia, have arrived safely at Leh in the Valley of the Indus. They are proceeding to Kashgar, Eastern Turkistan. All members of the party are well, the messages said.

For Frost Bites and Chills.

Chills are caused from undue exposure to wind and cold and frost bite from the icy winds of winter. In the treatment of either an excellent preparation is Dr. Thomas' Eucalyptic Oil, as it counteracts the inflammation and relieves the pain. The application of the oil is prompt and its action is extremely simple.

And it takes two fools with but a single thought to generate a full-sized case of mutual jealousy.

Corns are caused by the pressure of tight boots, but no one need be troubled with them long when so simple a remedy as Holloway's Corn Remover is available.

John Bunyan, author of "The Pilgrim's Progress," had a blind child, who visited him often in prison.

For Aches and Pains Use Minard's Liniment

Answer To Last Week's Puzzle

B	A	S	E	T	O	M	C	A	T
A	I	L	O	R	D	E	R	E	E
T	O	L	E	R	A	S	K	S	
L	O	A	M	E	R	S	E		
B	N	O	V	E	R	S	P	A	R
S	I	T	E	R	E	A	R	N	
B	E	G	I	R	E	N	O	D	D
A	T	L	A	T	E	R	A	L	E
T	G	A	L	E	R	A	B	E	L
H	O	L	O	M	E	S	A	R	E
S	T	E	R	E	D	E	A	L	
R	A	N	T	E	D	E	M	O	N

Fish Weighed Five Tons

A skate caught recently weighed 250 lbs., which is 50 lb. more than the naturalists of a century ago thought it ever attained. But the devil fish of the West Indian sea, which, like the common skate, is a ray and resembles it in structure and appearance, is often much larger. One caught in 1822 weighed nearly five tons. In a dramatic account of its capture we read that "three pairs of oxen, one horse and 22 men all pulling together could not convey it far."



Wholesome Cleaning Refreshing

CARON LIGHT, WATER & POWER PLANTS



Caron Brothers
INC.
103 3rd Ave. E.
SASKATOON
Saskatchewan

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
THERAPION No. 2
THERAPION No. 3

W. N. U. 1582

Bee Culture Is Found To Be Most Profitable In The West Owing To Ideal Conditions

"Why should prairie people pay out thousands of dollars each year for sugar when the sugar bill can be reduced to microscopic proportions, even eliminated altogether, by bee culture?" This is the question, propounded by Dr. S. A. Merkle, Moose Jaw, secretary of the Saskatchewan Beekeepers' Association.

Dr. Merkle answers with the opinion that "there isn't any reason that he has been able to discover to date why people in the Canadian west should pay out large sums for imported sweets annually. To back his contention he points out:

"That although the honey making season is shorter in Saskatchewan than in the Southern American states, a hive of bees here will make 35 to 50 per cent. more honey than a hive of bees in Texas, Louisiana, Alabama, Arizona, Florida, or any other of the honey-producing states."

"That recent improvements in bee culture make a small apary so profitable and so little trouble that no farm in Saskatchewan should be considered well-equipped without a few hives. Dr. Merkle also points out that aside from the actual material benefits to be derived from the business, there is the element of interest which beekeeping adds to farm life. So fascinating is the study of the busy little workers that they keep the farmer from worrying about drought, shortage of feed and the next payments on farm machinery; the children are amused and kept on the farm; the farmer's wife is able to do a great deal of housework and the whole family receive better and more diversified food."

Ten years ago, the culture of bees in Saskatchewan was practiced very little. A few factories had introduced the industrious insects, but for the most part, beekeeping on the prairies was considered impracticable. The climate was unsuitable, some held. Others declared that there were not sufficient or suitable flowers and blossoms from which the bees could get nectar used in the manufacture of their product.

But once an apiarist, always an apiarist. Among the settlers from Eastern Canada and the Old Country, there were many who had raised bees. Experimentation proved that honey production was not only feasible in Saskatchewan, but that the climatic conditions and the resources of plant life from which the ingredients were obtained by bees for honey, were even more suitable than in other parts of Canada and the United States. For example:

"A good hive of bees in the province will produce from 500 to 300 pounds of honey in a single season. (Honey ranges in price from 20 cents a pound for "strained" to 35 and 40 cents a pound for "comb.")"

The longer days in the more northerly climates give the bees longer working time during the season, more than offsetting the shorter days but longer season further south.

In Saskatchewan, as in other parts of the prairies, the nectar remains in an accessible part of the flower practically throughout the day, while in the Southern States, it can be tapped by the bees only during the morning periods, or on dull, misty days.

Perhaps it is the rigors of the climate which give to the bees in this province a hardiness which their brethren further south do not have. Foul brood, the curse of beekeeping, is unknown in Saskatchewan at the present time, partly for this reason and partly because of the strict regulations of the provincial department of agriculture. By an act of the legislature, it is an offence to import bees into Saskatchewan, except when separated from the comb.

Those who wish to make a start are not faced with any great expense. Two pounds of bees, sufficient for a hive, can be brought in by express at an aggregate cost of not more than five or six dollars. In the packet, is the queen, separated from the workers by a little cage. Bee candy, in place of honey, supplies the necessary food for the journey.

The imported bees are not difficult to acclimatize. Within a few days they are thoroughly at home and working.

W. N. U. 1544

Douglas Fir Shipped To Many Countries

Great Demand For Timber From British Columbia

The height and girth of the trees of British Columbia constitute probably the best known feature of the western province to those who reside in the central and eastern portions of the Dominion. The Pacific province has as large an assortment of trees as any other section of Canada, but the Douglas Fir and the Red and Giant Cedar, reach the greatest heights, often exceeding twelve feet in diameter. The Douglas Fir is very tough and strong, and is in demand for the manufacture of ship spars and timbers for bridge and factory construction. South America, Australia, Africa, China and Europe import large shipments of this timber. The Red Cedar is used chiefly in the manufacture of shingles and in interior decoration.

The large forests are located on the western slopes of the Rockies. It is generally supposed that the moisture laden winds from the Pacific, wafting landwards for thousands of years have, in conjunction with a naturally rich soil, produced the conditions for the growth of this remarkable timber. Many of the trees are centuries in age. In the doorway of one of the buildings of the University of Toronto a section of a tree from British Columbia is on display. The highly polished surface clearly shows the thin annual rings. The date of cutting being known some historians have noted the important events of history during the past seven or eight hundred years, and marked each upon the surface of the proper ring.

Beekeepers Must Be Educated to Industry

Knowledge Necessary to Succeed Says President of Manitoba Association. Although beekeeping in the province of Manitoba have increased fourfold during the last two years, it is not likely that the honey crop will by any means increase in the same proportion until the new beekeepers become educated to the industry and the bees themselves thoroughly established. This will take two or three years according to a statement by G. M. Newton, president of the Manitoba Beekeepers' Association.

Many people have rushed into beekeeping without first making themselves thoroughly acquainted with the industry. Large quantities of bees are being shipped to various parts of the province.

Alberta Poultry

Over Five Million Pounds of Poultry Marketed in 1924

Within the past three years so great have been the strides made in the poultry industry, that Alberta has turned from an importing to an exporting province with respect to eggs and other products. During 1924 more than 60,000 cases of eggs were exported from Alberta, the bulk going to England and Scotland. During that year also more than 5,000,000 pounds of live poultry were marketed by farmers in the province.

Prizes For Livestock

Alberta is a Consistent Winner at Canadian and American Shows. Alberta's reputation as a producer of fine quality livestock is evidenced by the frequent winnings of provincial exhibitors at Canadian and American shows in recent years. Last year Alberta exhibitors won 75 prizes, six championships and one reserve championship, as compared with 12 prizes and two championships and one reserve championship in 1923, and 13 prizes in 1920.

Errors Of Judgment

Most aviation accidents are due to slight errors of judgment, according to a recent analysis made of more than 500 mishaps in the Royal Air Force. It was found that of 60 per cent. of the accidents, due to errors in judgment, but a small number of pilots at flying schools, while a large number were caused by carelessness among recently graduated pilots.

Canada Losing A Competitor

United States Apparently Will Soon Cease Exporting Wheat

The United States a year or so ago ceased to produce cattle for export. Apparently it is nearing the time when it will no longer export wheat. The crop of the present year is estimated to be about equal to the home demand. While it is smaller than the crop of last year the shrinkage is not all due to unfavorable weather conditions, but in part to the development of other branches of agriculture. Another and larger competitor of Canada in the markets of Europe and the Orient is this prospectively out of the running this season, and approaching the time when it will consume all the wheat it produces. The outlook is correspondingly better that the Canadian grower will be able to find buyers for all the wheat he grows and to get a price for it that will leave him a living profit.—Edmonton Bulletin.

Comparing Varieties Of Flowers

Exhibitions Afford Opportunity to Choose New Seeds for Next Year

During the summer and early fall there will be held many horticultural exhibitions in all provinces. These will include the annual exhibitions of the local horticultural societies, county fairs, provincial and national exhibitions and special shows devoted to such flowers as the sweet pea, rose, peony, iris and gladiolus. These shows afford an excellent opportunity to study and compare the different varieties of flowers, vegetables or fruits exhibited and from this comparison a better choice of plants or seeds may be made in ordering this fall or next spring. It is not often that one sees visitors taking written notes on these exhibitions, but it is a good plan to do this as it is very difficult to carry the names of new and good varieties in one's mind.

Of the nearly 9,000 postmistresses appointed during the last year, Texas led all the other states with 166, California was second with 154, and Pennsylvania third with 133.

More than 50,000 girls are seeking jobs in the movies in California.



Queen Mary Is Quite Democratic

Queen Mary was not at all averse to riding in the children's railway in the Wembley Exposition, at London, where the Empire products are on display, in fact she rather liked it. Both the King and Queen are noted for their friendly interest in the little folk and on all occasions show their sympathy by taking part as much as possible in their activities. The ride through the Canadian Pacific Rockies on the miniature railway has furnished thrills for thousands upon thousands of children from all parts of the world and for the once their Majesties became one with them and enjoyed to the full the trip on the observation car.

Queen Mary, as always, was dressed in dignified style, wearing a graceful gown of crepe with embroidery of cut work, and toque of silk with enamel trim of red velvet flowers and carried a parasol of contrasting color. An ornament, Her Majesty wore a magnificent brooch of diamonds and a string of matchless pearls.

Canada Takes Leading Place In The Important Work Of Systematic Seed Improvement

Britain Leads In Linen Industry

United Kingdom Competes Successfully With Germany and Belgium

In support of the contention that Great Britain leads in the linen industry, the Bankers Trust Company's Informant draws attention to the fact that of the total imports into the United States of various kinds of linen goods in 1923, 70 per cent. to 82 per cent. came from Great Britain. For example, and notwithstanding a duty of 55 per cent., the United States took 83 per cent. of the woven fabrics of flax exported from the United Kingdom, against 14 per cent. from Belgium; of woven fabrics of flax on which the duty was 40 per cent., 51.7 per cent. came from Great Britain and 12 per cent. from Belgium; of plain woven fabrics, 91.8 per cent. came from Great Britain, and of flax table damask and manufactures of flax 73.8 per cent. came from the United Kingdom, against 13.5 per cent. from Czechoslovakia, and 12.5 per cent. from Germany.

West Indies Would Trade With Canada

Ready to Concede Much to Strengthen Imperial Bonds

All of the West Indian colonies are prepared to meet Canada as a sister part of the British Empire and concede everything possible in trade and otherwise, which tends for the betterment of imperial relations. Such was the sentiment expressed by Jamaican delegates to the West Indies conference sponsored by the Canadian government for the discussion of trade matters and the possible revision of the existing agreement between the Dominion and the West Indies.

Sharper than the tooth of a serpent is the sarcasm of one who has no sympathy with human vanity.

Among the countries of the world, Canada occupies a foremost place in regard to her organization both for systematic seed improvement and for handling high-class seed in commercial quantities under efficient control. Twenty years ago, the Canadian Seed Growers' Association was established with headquarters at Ottawa, for the purpose of encouraging greater interest in the production and use of a better class of seed on Canadian farms. This association is composed of individual growers who operate according to certain regulations. There are now upwards of 4,000 of these men scattered throughout all the provinces of the Dominion and their work is yielding a widespread influence.

While most of the actual breeding work is performed at the various agricultural colleges and experimental stations, yet there is a considerable number of the members who carry on selection work in one form or another, and who have contributed very materially to the improvement of the varieties commonly grown. Their work today, however, is largely that of multipliers of the seed, rather than of developing the seedlings and selections. These institutions realize fully that, if this work is to be productive of the greatest benefit to the country, the products must be used by those who grow crops. They realize, therefore, that, in the absence of any definite system of control, their productions very quickly might lose their identity, or depreciate through becoming mixed with other seed. They therefore welcome and encourage in every way the work of the association.

In a number of the provinces, subsidiary seed organizations have been established. Of these, the Alberta Seed Growers' Association is probably doing the largest business, although it has only been operating for two years. During this period, it has sold many thousands of bushels of wheat, oats and barley, some of which have come as far west as Ontario. Very considerable quantities have also gone to the United States. The United States trade has received a very decided stimulus through the remarkable winnings of Canadian grains exhibited by members at the international seed exhibitions. In this connection it is interesting to note that practically every year since the inception of these international seed exhibitions, some fifteen years ago, the world-famous Marquis wheat, first originated at the experimental farm, Ottawa, or a derivative of this variety, has won the grand sweepstakes prize for the best hard spring wheat.

Thanks to the work of the various plant-breeding institutions, Canada now has at her disposal a very creditable assortment of varieties of grain. The old Red Fife wheat which first attracted the attention of the world to Canada as a producer of wheat of high quality has been superseded by at least seven other varieties, both as regards yield and earliness of maturity. The Marquis wheat just referred to occupies first place as regards total area grown. It is estimated that at least 90 per cent. of all the spring wheat grown in Western Canada, and about 70 per cent. of the spring wheat grown in the United States consists of Marquis.

While steady and substantial progress is being made in the production and development of superior varieties of grain there is room for improvement. In the west, for instance, there is a need for productive, strong-strawed varieties of wheat, of high quality which will either resist or escape the ravages of wheatstem rust. A good deal of progress has been made in this direction already, and it is confidently expected that before very long varieties will be introduced which will be able to cope more successfully with this grave menace to successful crop raising.

He assured her. "She was a freshman from Vassar. "Oh dear," she sighed. "I simply can't adjust my curriculum."

"It doesn't show any," he reassured her, blushing. "And then they both talked rapidly about the despatchers."

The primitive Indians of North America made moccasins from acorn meal.

A Romance of the Spanish Main CAPTAIN BLOOD by RAFAEL SABATINI

Copyrighted, 1932, by Rafael Sabatini.

"CAPTAIN BLOOD," a Viaplog picture with J. Warren Kerrigan
in the title role, is an adaptation of this thrilling novel.

CHAPTER XXIV. Cartagena

Having crossed the Caribbean in the teeth of contrary winds, it was not until the early days of April that the French fleet hove in sight of Cartagena, and M. Rivalro summoned a council aboard his flagship to determine the method of assault.

"It is of importance, messieurs," he told them, "that we take the city by surprise, not only before it can put itself into a state of defence, but before it can remove its treasures inland. I propose to land a force sufficient to achieve this to the north of the city to-night after dark."

He was heard respectfully and approvingly by his officers, scornfully by Captain Blood. Blood was the only one amongst them who knew exactly what lay ahead. "Two years ago he had himself considered a raid upon the place, and he had actually made a survey of it. The Baron's proposal was one to be expected from a commander whose knowledge of Cartagena was only such as might be derived from maps.

Geographically and strategically considered, it is a curious place. It stands almost four-square, screened east and north by hills, and it may be said to face south upon the inner of two harbours by which it is normally approached. The entrance to the outer harbor, which is in reality a lagoon some three miles across, lies through a neck known as the Boca Chica—or Little Mouth—and defended by a fort. A long strip of densely wooded land to westward of here, as a natural breakwater, and as the inner harbor is approached, another strip of land thrusts across at right angles from the first, towards the mainland on the east, and is short of this it ceases, leaving a deep but very narrow channel, a veritable gateway into the secure and sheltered inner harbor. Another fort defends this second passage. East and north of Cartagena lies the mainland, which may be left out of account. But to the west and northwest this city, so well guarded on every other side, lies directly open to the sea. It stands back beyond a half-mile of beach, and besides this and the stout walls that fortify it, would appear to have no other defenses.

It remained for Captain Blood to explain the difficulties when M. de Rivalro informed him that the honor of opening the assault was in the manner which he described was to be accorded to the buccaners.

Captain Blood smiled sardonically at the honor reserved for his men. It was precisely what he would have expected: For the buccaners the danger; for M. de Rivalro

NERVES AND FANTASY SPELLS

Sent Woman to Bed. Great Change After Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Sarnia, Ontario.—"After my girls were born I was a wreck. My nerves were so terrible for words and I simply could not stand or walk without pain. I suffered with fainting spells until I was no longer any good for my household duties and had to take to my bed. The doctor told I should have an operation, but I was not in a fit condition at that time. My neighbor said, 'Why don't you try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound?' I am sure it will do you good and will save those doctor's bills. So I was advised by my husband to try it after I told him about it. I am very thankful to say that I was soon able to take a few boarders for a while as no rooms were scarce at that time. My baby is 17 months old now and I have not yet had an operation, thanks to your medicine. I have recommended the Vegetable Compound to a few people I know and have told them the good it has done me. I know I feel and look a different woman than I did a few months ago, and I certainly would not be without a bottle of your medicine in the house. You can use this letter as you see fit, as I should be only too glad for this, suffering as I have to know what it has done for me."—Mrs. Thomas M. M. GUNSON, R. R. No. 2, Sarnia, Ontario.

A recent canvass of women users of the Vegetable Compound reports 98 out of 100 received beneficial results. This is a remarkable proof of its merit. C

W. N. U. 1652

the honor, glory and profit of the enterprise.

"It is an honor which I must decline," said he quite coldly. Wolverstone granted approval and Hagthorpe and Yberville nodded. "I will not lead my men into fruitless danger."

"Look you, M. le Capitaine, since you are afraid to undertake this thing, I will myself undertake it," M. de Rivalro declared. "If I do so, I shall have proved you wrong, and I shall have to work to say to you to-morrow which you may not like. I am being very generous with you, sir. You have leave to go."

It was sheer obstinacy and empty pride that drove him, and he received the lesson he deserved. Close upon fifty lives were lost in the adventure, together with half-a-dozen boats stored with ammunition and light guns. The Baron went back to his flagship an infuriated, but by no means a wiser man.



A lucky shot from the buccaners had found the powder magazine

He was awakened at dawn by the rolling thunder of guns. Emerging upon the poop in nightcap and slippers, he beheld a sight that increased his unreasonable and unreasonable fury. The four buccaners ships under canvas were half a mile off the Boca Chica and little more than half a mile from the remainder of the fleet, and from their flanks flame and smoke were belching each time they swung broadside to the great fort that guarded that narrow entrance. The fort, although returning the fire vigorously and viciously, was suffering badly. Yet for all their manoeuvring the buccaners were not escaping punishment. The starboard gunwale of the Atropos had been hammered into splinters, and a shot had caught her stern in the coach. The Elizabeth was badly battered about the forecabin, and the Arabella's mainmast had been shot away, whilst towards the end of that engagement the Lachesis came reeling out of the fight with a shattered rudder, steering herself by sweeps. There was a terrible explosion; half the fort went up in fragments. A lucky shot from the buccaners had found the powder magazine.

It may have been a couple of hours later when Captain Blood, as spruce and cool as if he had just come from a levee, stepped upon the quarter-deck of the Victrola, to confront M. de Rivalro, still in bedgown and nightcap.

"I have to report, M. le Baron, that we are in possession of the fort on Boca Chica. The standard of France is flying from what remains of its tower, and the way into the outer harbor is open to your fleet."

"You beheld there the scene of our counter action. It is safe before you like a map."

Blood pointed out the fort at the mouth of the inner harbour and offered a plan of certain victory with Cartagena's gold insured the invaders. At noon on the morrow, short of defence and threatened with bombardment, Cartagena sent offers of surrender to M. de Rivalro. The plunder was enormous. In the course of four days over a hundred tons laden with gold went out of the city and down to the boats waiting at the beach to convey the treasure aboard the ships.

DR. HAMILTON'S PILLS
FOR
HEADACHE, BILIOUSNESS,
CONSTIPATION,
INDIGESTION,
KIDNEY, LIVER,
BOWELS.

CHAPTER XXV.

The Honour of M. de Rivalro

During the capitulation and for some time after, Captain Blood and the greater portion of his buccaners had been at their post on the heights of Nuestra Señora de la Poup, utterly in ignorance of what was taking place. Resentment smouldered amongst his men for a while, to flame out violently at the end of that week in Cartagena. "It was only by undertaking to voice their grievance to the Baron that their captain was able for the moment to pacify them. That done, he went at once in quest of M. de Rivalro. "M. le Baron, I must speak frankly, and you must suffer it. My men are on the point of mutiny. They demand to know when this sharing of the spoil is to take place, and when they are to receive the fifth for which their services provide. They know that it exceeds the enormous total of forty millions. They insist that the treasure itself be produced and weighed in their presence. I warn you that unless you yield to a demand that I consider just and therefore uphold, you may look for trouble, and it would not surprise me if you never leave Cartagena at all, nor convey a single gold piece home to France."

"Am I to understand that you are threatening me?"
"You do not know the ways of buccaners. If you persist, Cartagena will be drenched in blood, and whatever the outcome the King of France will have been well served."

The end of it all was that M. de Rivalro gave a promise at once to make the necessary preparations, and if Captain Blood and his officers would wait upon him on board the Victrola to-morrow morning, the treasure should be produced and weighed in their presence and their fifth share surrendered.

Among the buccaners that night there was hasty order the sudden shafement of M. de Rivalro's monstrous pride. But when the next dawn broke over Cartagena, they had the explanation of it. The only ships to be seen in the harbour were the Arabella and the Elizabeth riding at anchor, the Atropos and the Lachesis careened on the beach for repair of the damage sustained in the bombardment. The French ships were gone. Blood was reduced to despair. If he followed now, Heaven knew what would happen to the town. Trustable to reach a decision, his own men and Hagthorpe's took the matter off his hands, eager to give chase to Rivalro.

(To be continued)

Raymond Beet Sugar Factory
It is now estimated that over 7,200 acres of sugar beets have been signed up for the new beet sugar factory at Raymond. Six thousand acres was the figure set by the Sugar Beet Company, when they first entered into negotiations with the farmers.

**RED PIMPLES
ITCHED BADLY**
Neck and Chest Broken Out. Cuticura Healed.

"My daughter's neck and chest were very badly broken out with pimples that itched and itched badly. She scratched the affected parts and caused the trouble to spread. At night she could not sleep and the breaking out caused discomfort."

"I tried everything I could think of but nothing helped her. I read an advertisement for Cuticura Soap and Ointment and sent for a free sample. I purchased more, and after using one can of Cuticura Soap and one box of Cuticura Ointment she was healed." (Signed) Mrs. W. C. Green, 1000 Parkway, Rochester, N. Y.

Use Cuticura to clear your skin. Write for Free Book by Mail. Address: Cuticura, P.O. Box 100, Lowell, Mass.

Canada At the Norse Centennial

Elaborate Exhibit of Canadian Government Attracted Much Attention

During the first week in June, Canada and the United States joined in honor of the Scandinavian settlers on the American continent by celebration of the centennial of the arrival of the first Norwegian settlers. The Centennial Exposition was designed to pay acknowledgment to the great contribution which these early Norse countrymen have made to the advancement of every phase of life in Canada and in the United States.

Canada has a very natural interest in this celebration on account of the large number of Scandinavians who live in Canada and the prominent part they have taken in the development of the country. It was appropriate that, responding to the invitation to send an official representative of Canada, the Canadian Government selected Hon. Thomas H. Johnson, K.C., of Winnipeg, formerly attorney-general of Manitoba. Mr. Johnson is himself a true Scandinavian, having been born in Ireland, who came to Canada with his parents when nine years old. In addressing an immense audience, Mr. Johnson referred to the happy relations which have existed between the United States and Canada for the past generation, and alluded to the influence these countries have exerted in the direction of world peace. He paid a tribute to the value of the Scandinavian people as settlers and nation builders.

One of the chief features of interest at the centennial was the elaborate exhibit put up by the Canadian Government. This exhibit, besides showing the principal resources and products of Canada, represented by means of a huge, painted dome in Canadian of a huge, painted dome in Canadian of grains and grasses, including in connection with the history of the Norse settlers in North America. One of the representations was that of Lis Erlerson, the indomitable Norseman, about to land from his Viking ship on the shores of what is now known as Cape Breton, Nova Scotia, in the year 1001 A.D., 451 years before the discovery of America by Christopher Columbus. "The exhibit was the largest that has ever been undertaken in the United States outside of the big international expositions, and was the occasion of much enthusiasm and favorable comment."

Many other prominent Canadians, including Premier John Brecken, of Manitoba, took part in the ceremonies. The effect of Canada's co-operation would undoubtedly be to direct still greater attention to the opportunities which the Dominion affords for settlers from only from the Scandinavian countries and the United States, but from other lands as well.

One of the commonest complaints of inland is water-logging, and the most effective application for them is Mosley's Grave's Worm Exterminator.

Paying Twice For Nothing

Heligoland Was Not a Profitable Investment For Germany
Heligoland has been stripped of its armament. A former British Government was long and harshly criticized for trading that rock pile for a strip of resourceful country in tropical Africa; the claim being that Germany was converting the islet into a fortification dangerously close to the English shores. When war came the fortress was about as actually useful to Germany as a shore battery at the mouth of the Elbe. It made an attack on the German coast difficult, but did not materially help to make an attack on Britain easier. All that Fritz sought to have paid for the privilege of pillage \$80,000,000 worth of armament on the rock was the privilege of paying to take it off again.—Edmonton Bulletin.

For Burns and Scalds—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil will take the fire out of a burn or scald. It should be at hand in every kitchen so that it may be available at any time. There is no preparation required. Just apply the oil to the burn or scald and the pain will subside and in a short time cease altogether.

Has Lasted For 75 Years
Seventy-five years ago, H. S. Rogers spelled his name on a grassy hillside by sprinkling wood ashes. His name is still there, and it is said only twice since then have ashes been placed over the letters.

Minard's Liniment For Corns and Bunions

Take REAL Mustard to Your Summer Home

Be sure to include one or two tins of KEEN'S MUSTARD in the supplies you take to your Summer Cottage or Camp.

Only real Mustard—freshly mixed—can give you that savory zest and tang to your food that you appreciate so much. And only real mustard—freshly mixed with cold water—furnishes real aid to digestion.

Make a note now to "remember Keen's Mustard" when you leave.

Keen's Mustard
aids digestion

Biggest Auto Dump

Thousands of junked cars from New York City are placed on the city dump at Corona every year. A large gang of junk men make a living by stripping them of everything of any value.

THANKFUL MOTHERS

Once a mother has used Baby's Own Tablets for her little one she would use nothing else. The Tablets give such results that the mother has nothing but words of praise and thankfulness for them. Among the thousands of mothers throughout Canada who praise the Tablets is Mrs. David A. Anderson, New Glasgow, N.S., who writes: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for my children and from my experience I would not be without them. I would urge every other mother to keep a box of the Tablets in the house." The Tablets are a mild but thorough laxative which regulates the bowels and sweetens the stomach; drive out constipation and indigestion; break up colds and simple fevers and make teething easy. They are sold by medicine dealers, or by mail at 50c a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

First Co-ed—He stole a kiss from me last night.

Second Co-ed—I have a date with him Saturday night.

"I guess you'll find him a pretty honest fellow."

Keep Minard's Liniment in the House

Probably a Mistake

Dinner—This steak is excellent. Walker—That so? You must have the co. of it. I intended for the man who gave me the fifty-cent tip.



**Sally Ann
CLEANSER**

WHERE efficient Sally Ann works, all forms of grime and grease speedily vanish. Pots and pans, aluminum ware, glass and porcelain shine like new.

WESTERN CLEANSING LIMITED
CALGARY, CANADA

**Sally Ann
CLEANSER**

CONDEMNS THE CANCELLATION OF RAIL AGREEMENT

Ottawa.—During the debate on the freight rates bill in the House of Commons, Hon. E. J. McMurtry, Liberal, Winnipeg North, condemned cancellation of the Crow agreement. The board of railway commissioners, he said, had acted with "upside and indecent taste in setting aside the Magna Charta of Western Canada, transportation rights." Since 1897 the agreement had been the policy of Liberal and Conservative Governments alike. The railway commission should have hesitated to remove it. Mr. McMurtry was dissatisfied with the attitude of the government to the whole question. Their present bill was a "poor compromise."

Mr. McMurtry urged that Western Canada should have at least one more representative on the railway board. If possible, each western province should have a representative. He also thought Western Canada should have another judge on the supreme court bench.

Mr. McMurtry could not see why the Canadian National Railway, with its easier grade and lower operating cost in the mountains, could not reduce rates to the coast, and compel the C.P.R. to reduce also.

He thought that Western Canada was being made to pay whenever the railways found they needed more money. The roads could not increase rates in Eastern Canada because of water competition.

Mr. McMurtry said the legislation "looks patched and pieced together. It was unfair to British Columbia, and consequently unfair to a large section of the prairie west."

Closer Relations

With West Indies

Danger of Islands Becoming Part of the United States

Ottawa.—Expressing the hope that the conference here between the Canadian Government and delegates from the various British possessions in the West Indies may result in a closer knitting together of relationships between Canada and the Indies, members of the delegation from Jamaica, in an interview, stated that at present most of the tourist traffic and trade reaching Jamaica is from the United States, and Jamaicans being Britishers, desire a more intimate relation with Canada and other states of the Empire.

The increasing influence of the United States in both the export and import trade of the West Indies is constantly brought to the attention of the islanders, the delegates state, and unless Canada and Great Britain wake up to the importance of this trade, and the necessity of encouraging closer relations between the different parts of the Empire, there is grave danger of these islands' some day becoming associated politically, as well as commercially, with the United States.

Abolish Famous Prison

Russian Battle on Banks of Frozen White Sea to Be Closed
Moscow.—The Solovetsky monastery, a desolate forbidding prison camp on Solovetsky Island, in the frozen White Sea, which has been the terror of political offenders under the Soviet regime, will soon become but an echo of the past.

On recommendation of the state political police, the council of people's commissars has decided to abolish the prison.

Famine Threatens Bessarabia

Bucharest.—The entire province of Bessarabia, which Rumania recovered from Russia as a result of the war, is threatened with famine because of last year's crop failure. The national bank has opened a special credit of \$40,000,000 for sending provisions to the province.

Black Rust in Dakota

Fargo, N.D.—A few infections of the early stages of black stem rust have been found in the wheat plots at the State Agricultural College here, but there is no danger, at present, of material rust damage to Red River valley wheat, it was said at the college.

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Premier Expresses Opinion On the Flag Question

Ottawa.—No action will be taken respecting a Canadian flag without the "full sanction of Parliament," said Premier King in the house in answer to questions as to the government's intentions regarding a Canadian flag. "Personally," said Mr. King, "I would be proud and happy to have the Union Jack represent Canada as a national flag, and would not lend any support to any flag not having the union as its most distinctive feature."

Boundary Line Settled

Canada Gets 2½ Acres of Water in Lake of the Woods

Minneapolis.—By giving Canada two and a half acres of water, the United States has formally settled an argument which has covered 122 years of treaties, talks and triangulations. The water will not be transferred until maps now being engraved are completed. But when 38 maps of the boundary from the northwest angle of Lake of the Woods to Lake Superior are issued some time next year, the water will become officially "Canadian," and Minnesota citizens will know at last how far north the state's boundary goes.

Under the treaty between the United States and Canada, which has been approved by the senate, about two and one-half acres of American waters in Lake of the Woods will be transferred to Canadian territory. This does not involve any transfer of land.

Crops Ruined By Floods

Three Hundred Acres Destroyed in Districts in Manitoba

Winnipeg.—Seventy-five per cent of the crops in the Whittemouth and Birch River districts have been completely ruined by floods according to a report submitted by C. S. Prodan to the Provincial Government. Mr. Prodan had charge of relief operations in the inundated area.

More than 300 acres were flooded, causing considerable property damage and loss of stock. While Mr. Prodan indicated that floods were an annual occurrence in these districts, the situation was the worst experienced in the history of the settlement. Many of the families who are entirely dependent upon their crops for a livelihood, have been reduced to destitution. Twenty-seven families are now being cared for by the provincial relief bureau.

Amendment to Pensions Bill

Ottawa.—The special committee of the senate considering the Pensions Bill, approved an amendment introduced by Senator Loughheed, declaring that the board of pensions commissioners, represented by one or more commissioners, "may, in its discretion, hold sittings in any part of Canada, for the purpose of hearing evidence or complaints in respect of pensions."

Will Attend Convention



E. D. STONE

Secretary of the Alberta Division of the C.W.N.A., and Editor and Proprietor of The Review, Redcliffe, Alta. Mr. Stone will attend the convention of weekly newspapermen to be held in Winnipeg on June 24, 25 and 26.

McMillan Leaves For Arctic

Has Started His Ninth Voyage Into Frozen North

Boston.—The Arctic expedition of Lieut. Commander Donald B. MacMillan sailed from the navy yard at Charlestown, June 17, in the steamer Peary, bound for Wisconsin, Maine. From Wisconsin the Peary and the schooner Bowdoin will sail on MacMillan's ninth voyage into the north.

The big guns on the navy craft are anchored in the bay throughout farewell as the little steamer slipped away on the first leg of the trip beyond the Arctic Circle. A navy band on the pier played, "Auld Lang Syne" as the crowd which had gathered in the navy yard cheered lustily. The harbor echoed with the shrieks of marine whistles of nearby craft in the parting tribute.

Overhead a dozen hydro aeroplanes circled.

Belgian Cabinet

Brussels.—After having been ten weeks without a cabinet, Belgium now finds itself possessed of a duly constituted ministry. It is headed by Viscount Poullet. The general council of the Socialist party, by a vote of 40 to 26, gave its approval and adherence to the new regime.

The personnel of the cabinet is made up of Socialists, Liberals and Catholics.

Propose Canadian Exhibition Train

Ottawa.—Senator Beaulieu drew the attention of the senate to the expediency of sending a Canadian exhibition train through Great Britain and asked what action the government proposed to take in this matter.

Senator Dandurand favored the proposal and said he would recommend it to the cabinet.

A new element called hafnium, recently discovered by Danish scientists, may be used in radio tubes.

Would Have Unanimous Consent Of Provinces

Ottawa.—The senate unanimously adopted the following motion by Senator Turgenev: "That, in the opinion of the senate, it is inexpedient that any change take place in the constitution of Canada, as established by the British North America Act and thereto, as set forth in the speech from the throne, at the opening of the present session of parliament, without the unanimous consent of the provinces affected by such a change, to be expressed by the legislatures of the respective provinces."

Share Geneva Scholarship

Two Students From Saskatchewan University Receive Award

Saskatoon, Sask.—Award of the Geneva scholarship, worth \$550, for attendance at a series of lectures on the League of Nations, and international affairs generally at Geneva, Switzerland, during July and August, has been announced by Professor Frank H. Underhill, of the University of Saskatchewan.

It has been decided to split the scholarship in two, giving \$275 each to A. C. Bruce (Agro) and R. Meinwaarten (Emmanuel), two students at the university who are of English birth and who happen to be visiting their parents in England at the present time.

The scholarships, of which it is understood one is given to each Canadian university this year, are donated by the Geneva Federation, a students' organization.

British Columbia Fruit Crop

Will Equal Last Year's Says President Associated Growers

Vernon, B.C.—J. Chambers, president of the Associated Growers of British Columbia, stated that the fruit crop throughout the entire district from Vernon to Kereenos, would probably equal last year's figures. He estimated the season's output at approximately 2,225,000 packages, which were the figures for last year, or in other words a \$2,500,000 crop.

These figures cover, he said, that portion of the output handled through the organization which represents 75 per cent of the growers of the valley.

Many Die In Train Wreck

Hackettstown, N.J.—The death toll of the wreck of the special immigrant train of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad at Rockport, Pa., was definitely set at 44 by officials of the railroad. At least a score of persons are still in hospitals at Easton, Philadelphia and Dover, suffering from injuries.

Samuel Leaves Palestine

Jerusalem.—Sir Herbert Samuel, first British high commissioner to Jewish lands in Palestine who is retiring, took leave of the Jewish community at a farewell reception at the Hebrew University here. Sir Herbert is to be succeeded by Field Marshal Lord Plumer.

NEW RECORD IN SIGNING UP ARMS PACT AT GENEVA

Geneva.—Peace and good-will among nations was the dominant note when the international conference on the control of traffic in arms and munitions ended with 15 countries emphasizing their desire for international co-operation by signing the arms traffic convention, and 27 subscribing to the protocol outlawing the use of bacteria and poison gas in war-time. This is a new record for Geneva. Doubtless many more states will sign after the delegates have advised their home governments.

Great Britain, France, Italy, Japan and the United States were the first to sign the arms traffic convention. All the great powers except France signed the poison gas protocol, but it was officially announced that France would sign later, as M. Boncour, minister of foreign affairs, said in his signature in behalf of France when he returns to Geneva.

Germany made good her sole conference declaration that she was ready to subscribe to any international agreement prohibiting gas, being one of the first signatories.

Canada, whose representative, Dr. Walter Riddell, had actively supported the protocol, Nicaragua and Uruguay then signed.

The arms convention will come into force as soon as it is ratified by 14 states. The gas protocol becomes operative for each signatory as soon as that country deposits its ratification, though a ratifying power will be bound only towards those who have also ratified the treaty.

Question of Sea Rates

No Immediate Action to Be Taken By Government

Ottawa.—The question of the Petersen contract and regulation of ocean rates was brought up in the House of Commons on a question by Rt. Hon. Arthur Meighen, Conservative leader.

"I want to ask the government if this session is to close," stated Mr. Meighen, "without any action being taken, or recommendation to parliament, in respect to what was called in the speech from the throne transportation by sea."

"We have a report from what should be known as the Petersen committee, but it has lain dormant for some time. Does the government propose to introduce any legislation or ask for any authority from parliament arising from that report, or is this session to end with nothing done?"

Premier Mackenzie King replied that the circumstances under which the government had considered it inadvisable to proceed with the discussion of the report of the committee must be known to the members of the house.

"In view of the sad death of Sir William Petersen," he stated, "we have not thought that it would be fitting to bring into this house, at this time, the discussion of his name in matters relating to his projects. The government, however, intends very carefully to consider the recommendations contained in the report for such action as may be deemed best. I do not think that it will be advisable to contemplate immediate legislation."

Settle Chinese Trouble

Hope Situation Will Be Smoothed Out Without Further Harm to Foreigners

Washington.—Hopes of officials here that the Chinese situation would be smoothed out soon, without further harm to foreigners, have been heightened by dispatches from Shanghai, that settlement of the trouble is near.

Word that envoys from the legations at Peking and Shanghai official had reached a basis for discussion of a settlement plan was welcomed here.

Prizes Work of I.O.G.E.

Halifax, N.S.—At a session of the annual meeting of the council of the Navy League of Canada, on motion of Major W. H. Langley, of Vancouver, a special vote of thanks was passed to the Dealers of the Empire, which President Sam Harris, of Toronto, described as "the big sister of the Navy League." Reports were received from the various provincial branches.

NEW SETTLERS FOR WESTERN CANADA



HUNGARIAN farm laborers, recently arrived in Western Canada over Canadian National lines, who landed at Quebec from the S.S. of the Hungarian settlers directed to farms in the Vermillion district of Alberta.

Here and There

The popularity of the Nova Scotia apple is rapidly growing in Europe. 1,105,060 barrels and 6,892 boxes were shipped in 1924-25 to ports in England, Scotland and Germany. Shipments also went to Newfoundland, West Indies, Central Canada and the United States.

Production of sugar beets in Canada during 1925 amounted to 150,200 tons, valued at \$1,225,968, and grown on 17,941 acres, according to the Bureau of Statistics. 6,000 acres have been planted to beets this year in Southern Alberta, due to the establishment of a sugar beet factory.

Milton Sills, the well-known movie actor, with a company of 32 other screen artists, passed through Montreal recently to take scenes in "The Come Back" in which he is featured. The party went to Beauchemin, in Northern Quebec. Travelling by another train was a mother skunk and five kitten skunks which will also figure in the picture.

The 286 passengers on the Canadian Pacific S.S. Empress of France completed their 30,000-mile tour of the world on Saturday, May 23, when the vessel docked at New York. At their last stop at Havana, President Machado of Cuba invited the passengers to attend his official inauguration and to witness the unveiling of a statue to the preceding President.

Another aristocratic rancher recently passed through Montreal on a return visit to the ancestral estate in Transylvania, Hungary. This was Baron Josef Cavosy who, with his brother Andre, took over a 1,600-acre ranch last March near Cochrane, Alberta, on the Bow River. Incidentally the Baron was a passenger on the Trans-Canada on its first return trip of the season from Vancouver.

The Indian Day Celebration at Banff, it is announced, will take place as usual this year on the third Thursday and Friday in July. Preparations are already under way for this event, which enjoys an enviable reputation as an Indian show. The Stoney Indians arrive in large numbers from their reservation to take part in the ceremonies, which are the 23rd annual celebration of the festival.

Edward G. Taylor, one of the best known game fishermen on the continent is authority for the statement that New Brunswick is losing none of its lure as a fisherman's paradise. Just back from a trip to the Cains River, N.B., Mr. Taylor said salmon were steadily increasing in numbers and size in the province. He added that he had caught on this trip a salmon 42 inches long and weighing 24 lbs. In the autumn such a fish would likely weigh up to fifty pounds.

The following story is told of Sir William Van Horne, first president of the Canadian Pacific Railway and a Major Rogers, who was in charge of the supplies for men working along the track. Van Horne said: "Look here, Major, I hear your men won't stay with you, they say you starve them." "Taint so, Van." "Well, I'm told you feed 'em on soap made out of water flavored with old ham canvas covers." "Taint so, Van, I didn't never have no hams." From "Canada's Great Highway," by J. H. E. Seaman.

The Western railways of the United States comprising 67 roads serving Chicago and the West, have petitioned the Inter-State Commerce Commission for permission to advance rates. They state that for the years 1921 to 1924 inclusive, the average rate of return on capital was 3.55 per cent, which they claim is so small as to render it impossible for them to secure working capital for extensions and improvement of service by the sale of stock or issue of bonds at reasonable terms. They ask for rates that would give them a net return of 6 per cent, which it is generally admitted is what railways should have.

DR. R. M. OATWAY
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Residence and Office, opp. G. T. P. Station. Phone 11.

DR. R. A. WALTON
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over Kelly's Store. Phone 1.
Residence, 3d St. West.

DR. W. SCOTT HAMILTON
Dental Surgeon,
409 Taylor Bldg., Edmonton.
Phone: Office 6514; Home 82117.
At Stony Plain every Thursday.

IF YOU INTEND to build this summer, get plans and estimates from **KARL STRASS**, Contractor and Builder, Stony Plain. lang

FOR SALE, 5 roomed house, on 3d St.; part cash balance on terms. Apply Mr Bishop. 53

FOUND—Pair of auto clothes—owner may have same by proving property and paying for advt. J. A. Barrie. 54

LOST—Winter Coat, naid and grey mixture; fur collar; lost on road between Ph Eberhardt's and J. E. Miesner's. Finder please phone 413. 55

FOR RENT—Cottage at South Edmonton Beach, 4 room and sleeping verandah, \$25 a month. Apply Val Kalak Jr., Phone 3099 Stony Plain. n55

South Edmonton Beach

Free Camping Grounds.

BATHING. BOATING. FISHING.

Lots Sold on Easy Terms.

Val. Kalak Jr., Proprietor.

FOR SALE!

A Few Hundred Bushels of **BARLEY.**

At elevator prices, for Cash.

A. E. HOLT,
STONY PLAIN.

FARMERS' MEAT MARKET.

FRESH AND CHILLED MEATS POULTRY IN SEASON.

CASH PAID FOR HORN CATTLE, CALVES, HOGS AND POULTRY.

PHONE SEVEN.

GUS ZUCHT.

SEE ME FOR

INSURANCE!

Life, Fire, Hail, Automobile.

R. B. BROOKS, Stong Plain.

STOP AT **Spruce Grove Hotel**
Good Rooms. Good Meals.
Fully Licensed.

JOE D. MILLER, Manager

Zilliox & Kast,
Harness and Farm Implements.

Bring Your Hogs

—TO—

Meredith Bros.,

EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK

PHONE FIVE-ONE.

LOUIE FUHR,

AGENT FOR

John Deere

Farm Implements.

Drills Discs

Plows Harrows

Binders Engines

Wagons Mowers

FOR LAND TITLES ACT
ADVERTISEMENT
Mortgage Sale of Valuable Farm Property.

UNDER and by virtue of the Powers of Sale provided by The Land Titles Act, under a certain Mortgage which will be produced at the time of the sale.

There will be offered for sale by public auction at the Post Office of Stony Plain, in the Town of Stony Plain, in the Province of Alberta, on SATURDAY, the 28th day of JULY, 1925, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, the following property, namely:

The South-West quarter of Section Fourteen (14) Township Fifty-two (52) Range Two (2) West of the Fifth Meridian containing by admeasurement One Hundred and Sixty (160) acres more or less. Reserving unto His Majesty all mines and minerals.

Terms of sale to be 20 per cent cash at the time of the sale and the balance according to the terms and conditions to be made known at the sale or upon application to the vendor or solicitor.

The above property will be offered for sale subject to a reserved bid and free from all encumbrances, save taxes for the current year.

The Vendor is informed that the above property is situated about four miles from the Postoffice of Carleton Place, Alberta, and that there are the following improvements:

Log House 16 x 24; Log Stable 16 x 16; Log Granary 12 x 16; Log Chicken House 12 x 12; and about 25 acres under cultivation, and partly fenced.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to F. W. Lundy, Barrister, Stony Plain, Alberta.

DATED at Edmonton this 10th day of June, 1925.

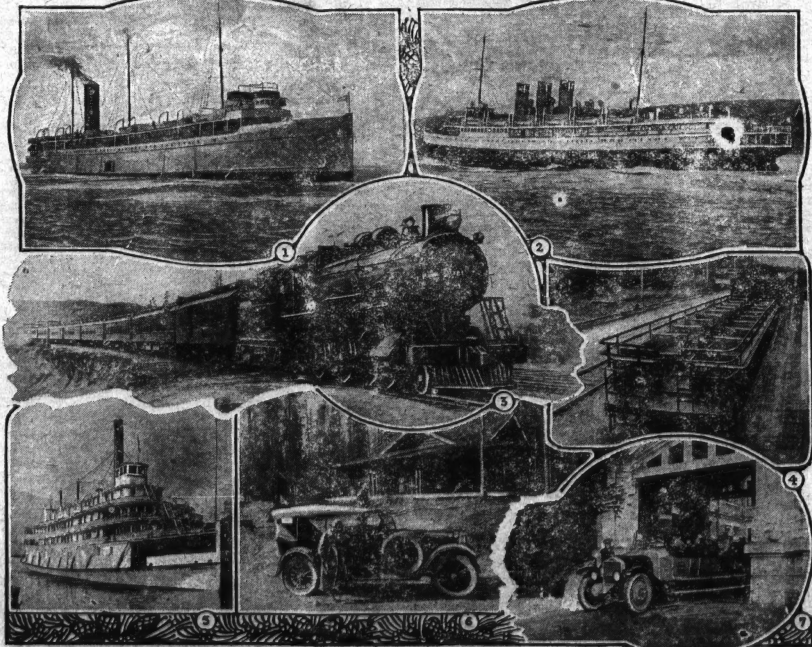
F. W. LUNDY,

Vendor's Solicitor.

Approved, A. T. KINNAIRD,

Deputy Registrar.

How Teachers Federation Will Tour Canada



(1) One of the Great Lakes steamers which will convey the party from Port William to Fort McNicholl. (2) The ferry boat "Motor Explorer" crossing between Vancouver and Vancouver Island. (3) The Special Train which makes a round run across the entire country.

(4) An open observation car used on all trains passing through the Rocky Mountains. (5) A Lake Kootenay steamer. (6) An automobile available to take passengers over the famous Banff-Windermere Highway. (7) Sight-seeing bus used at various interesting points of the trip.

Robert Louis Stevenson crossed the Pyrenees on a donkey. He even enjoyed the trip. Whatever physical discomforts he had to put up with were more than compensated for by the amount of knowledge he accumulated and by the deep pleasure he derived from coming into close contact with the beauties and wonders of nature. But the donkey, whatever his good points may be, is not now regarded as the most satisfactory means of transportation and we in Canada have a decided preference for the more comfortable and rapid conveyances depicted above.

The picture illustrates the general system by which the various points of the Dominion have become linked up with one another by Canadian Pacific steamers, trains and automobiles. It also shows the means by which Dean Laird's special party of school-teachers will make their educational trip across Canada, from coast to coast, leaving Toronto on July 20th, arriving at Vancouver July 27th, and returning to Toronto early in August. A special train (No. 3 in the illustration) will be utilized, and reduced rates are being offered to teachers who desire, as it were, to complete their own education by increasing their personal acquaintance with the country about which it is their duty to instruct the rising generation. Although the tour is arranged primarily for the benefit of school teachers, it is not restricted to them, and other professional and business people are taking advantage of the opportunity to make this combined pleasure and educational trip across the country.

The party will travel by rail, with several stop-overs, to Vancouver, and from there will cross to Vancouver Island by a Canadian Pacific ferry boat (No. 1). From there by train they will proceed from Vancouver to Nelson, B.C., and thence via steamer (No. 5) over Lake Kootenay to Kootenay Landing. By rail again on to Windermere, from where the automobiles (No. 6) will convey them over the famous Banff-Windermere Highway to Banff. Entailing once more, the party will go on to Edmonton, returning from there to Port William, from which point they travel by one of the Canadian Pacific Great Lakes Steamers to Port McNicholl (No. 3) and complete the tour from there to Toronto by rail.

THE NEW CHATEAU LAKE LOUISE



WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Robert E. A. Graham, one of Canada's foremost livestock men and one of the best judges on the continent, died in Toronto, June 14.

Henry Roy Davis, of Milner, B.C., fourth year medical student at McGill University, will represent Canadian universities at Wembley during the month of August.

Prof. Basil Williams, of McGill University, is to succeed Sir Richard Lodge, who is retiring, as head of the department of history at the University of Edinburgh.

Perla has withdrawn from the arms conference because of the conference decision that Persian ships in the Gulf of Persia could be searched if suspected of engaging in forbidden arms traffic.

The tomb of Virgil at Naples has been purchased by the Italian Government and a large sum will be expended in restoring the ancient Latin poet's resting place as part of this year's celebration in his honor.

Mme. Marush Tretyko, wife of a Russian colonel, has been sentenced to death for her activities as head of a notorious group of anti-Soviet bandits who terrorized the whole of the Ukraine for more than two years.

An extensive programme of dental health, embracing examination and dental service to immigrants, was outlined at the annual meeting of the Canadian dental hygiene council held at Toronto.

"Trade between Canada and India is developing steadily with an increasing market offering for timber and machinery," said H. A. Chisholm, Canadian trade commissioner at Calcutta, who arrived in Victoria recently on board the liner Empress of Russia.

The Jerusalem correspondent of the London Daily Mail says the shrine of the Holy Sepulchre has been discovered to be in a highly dangerous condition, the plinth and parts of the marble facing of the outer walls bulging badly.

The use of Miller's Worm Powders insures healthy children so far as the ailments attributable to worms are concerned. A high mortality among children is traceable to worms. These sap the strength of infants so that they are unable to maintain the battle for life and succumb to weakness. This preparation gives promise of health and keeps it.

The Soft Answer
Persistent Interrupter. — "Liar! Liar!"
Speaker. — "If my friend will give me his name instead of his profession, I shall be delighted to make his acquaintance."

Why blame the hotel patron for kicking when he has to pay good dollars for poor quarters?

TEETHING BABIES Thousands of Them DIE EVERY SUMMER

The hot weather is very hard on babies starting to cut their teeth. On the first sign of any looseness of the bowels the mother should give a few doses of



This will quickly offset the diarrhoea, vomiting and purging, and, perhaps save the baby's life. Put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

W. N. O. 1582



This new nine-story hotel, occupying the ground space of an entire city block, was taken over from the contractors two weeks before its opening on June 1, by the Canadian Pacific Railway. It is the new Chateau Lake Louise, built last winter at a cost of two million dollars on the banks of the famous Lake Louise, 6,500 feet up in the Canadian Rockies.

To equip this new hotel and stock it with food for guest occupancy on June 1, 800 beds, 390: bureau, 780 chairs, 390 pieces of upholstery, 390 desks for rooms, with sheets and pillow cases, box bed springs and other equipment to match, had to be transported three and a half miles up a narrow gauge mountain railway. The perishable food which had to be stocked in the hotel the day before its opening, included 11,000: pounds of

turkey, 8,000 pounds of roasting fowl, 18 whole lamb, 12 whole hogs, 1,000 pounds of new cabbage, 40 cases of grapefruit and 20 cases of fresh apples. Approximately 7,000 eggs had to be rushed from the C.P.R. farms at Strathcona, Alberta, and placed in refrigeration.

Of the non-perishable foodstuffs, five tons of potatoes, 200: sacks of flour, 20 tons of sugar, 3,000 pounds of butter, a ton of tea and a thousand pounds of fresh coffee had to be placed in the larders.

All told, a special train of eight cars carrying 350 tons of foodstuffs was required to open this remarkable edifice. And all of this had to be rushed in at the last moment; for the opening banquet at the hotel sealed the full capacity of the new dining rooms of 500 persons.

A staff of 455 men and women, in-

cluding three managers, had to be on hand a week before its opening. These employees have a building to themselves equipped with rooms, with bath, hot and cold running water, a rotunda and a ballroom.

The new Chateau Lake Louise has 400 rooms with bath, all outside rooms, 210 of them, with southern exposure facing the famous lake.

Resident telegraph and cable offices in the rotunda, each bedroom contains a phone which can be connected with long distance.

A resident doctor and trained nurse will have offices in this building to look after the health of its guests, and a special dining room has been built for the maids, nurses and younger children of the guests.

Chateau Lake Louise is now said to be the largest and most modern equipped chateau in the world.

Wheat Outlook in U. S.

Large Percentage of Winter Wheat Acreage Has Been Abandoned

If wheat goes to a fancy price next fall, American farmers will not be the principal beneficiaries. The crop in this country does not promise very well according to a government report, says the Buffalo Express. More than half the winter wheat acreage was abandoned in Washington, Montana, Oregon, New Mexico and Texas, and nearly a quarter of the acreage in the entire country. Estimates as to spring wheat acreage are not yet accurate, but the guess is that it will not be above the average as to either quantity or quality.

Canada is reported to have planted an acreage fully as large as last year, with soil conditions and moisture excellent. Prospects in other countries are good, also, it is said. This country may not have much exportable surplus wheat this year. That will mean a benefit to other producing countries if the price, as is expected, remains high.

Canada and New Zealand

Some idea of Canada's trade with New Zealand can be gathered from the fact that exports from Canada during the month of February, 1926, amounted to \$1,559,577, of which amount \$428,550 was made up of agricultural and vegetable products, while wood, wood products and paper amounted to \$172,343. The greatest amount was furnished by iron and iron products, exports of which in the month of February amounted to \$72,742.

Can't Do Without MINARD'S

"When we came back to England we brought a bottle of Minard's, but since then we can't get any liniment to come up to it. Will you please write and let us know how much it would cost to have 100 bottles sent over."

MRS. R. A. ADAMS, Old Town, Hastings, England. We receive dozens of letters from far away countries asking for Minard's. For sprains, bruises, burns, colds, inflammation, etc., it has no equal.

MINARD'S LINIMENT

World Scarcity in Wheat

Factor That Will Likely Help Prices Up For Some Time

Blue ruin gentlemen, who do not like to see the farmers happy, tell them that high wheat prices cannot last because those prices are supported solely by speculation. They say that the bottom may drop out of the wheat market any day that some gambling ring wants it to drop. The farmers should not worry too much about it. There is one factor that will probably hold wheat prices up for years.

Normally, Russia produces one billion bushels of wheat. For the past few years Russian wheat has not been a factor in world markets. Nor will it be a factor for years to come—Vancouver Sun.

Well Qualified

Prospective Employer—But can you get up in the morning? Maid Applicant—Can I? Why, in my last place, I used to be up and have all the beds made before anyone else was up.

INECTO RAPID

The world's best hair tint. Will restore gray hair to its natural color in 15 minutes. Small size \$2.50 by mail. Double size \$5.00 by mail.

The W. T. Fenner Stores Limited Phone M. 2714-5 126 St. George St. TORONTO, ONTARIO

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

JUNE 25

REVIEW—IN JUDEA AND SAMARIA

Golden Text: Ye shall be my witnesses both in Jerusalem, and in all Judea and Samaria, and unto the uttermost part of the earth. Acts 1:8.

Devotional Reading: Psalm 98.

The early church started into existence—the last time that the disciples talked with Jesus, just before His ascension, He said unto them, "Ye shall be my witnesses both in Jerusalem, and in Judea and Samaria, and unto the uttermost part of the earth." The lessons of this quarter have shown how these disciples bore their witness to him in Jerusalem, Judea and Samaria.

The apostles, the leaders of the disciples, had had no thought of launching a new movement—the early church, as we call it. They had no organization, no programme. They were terribly startled by the Lord's death and resurrection and ascension. At Jerusalem, as He had bade, they waited, spending the time in prayer. The Day of Pentecost came, and suddenly the cowardices of these men dissolved in courage, their hopelessness in confidence, their powerlessness in power.

On that great day, as Jesus Christ had promised, the Spirit came to the waiting group with wonderful dynamic force, thrilling their stagnant being with a new energy and zeal. It was a time of great emotional excitement; they spoke in ecstatic fervor which conveyed their meaning to all who heard. So carried away with joy were they that outsiders who happened to the scene even accused them of being drunk. Their words and hearts were possessed and used by the Holy Spirit.

NEARING A BREAKDOWN

A Condition That Calls For a Reliable Tonic

Many women give so much of their time to the cares of their household that they neglect their own health and sometimes reach the verge of a breakdown before they realize that their health is shattered. Often the heart palpitates violently at slight exertion, the stomach fails to digest food and discomfort follows. The nerves become weak and headaches grow more frequent. The body grows weak and they are always depressed. This condition results in a general exhaustion with such a reliable tonic as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills which enrich and build up the blood and renew energy to every part of the body. The value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in a rundown condition is proved by the following statement from Mrs. Alex. McInnes, Bowman River, Man., who says:—

"About a year ago I had a serious illness which left me very anemic. I was not able to get around to do my daily work. I could scarcely walk. I was troubled with palpitation of the heart with the least exertion. One day a friend advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills as they had done her much good. I followed this advice and took the pills for some week when I felt as well as ever. I have since been able to attend to all my household duties. The dizziness and palpitation have left me and I bless the day I tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They are just the medicine for those who are weak and rundown."

You can get these pills from any dealer or by mail at 50c a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Animals Being Acclimatized

Ninety sacred baboons from Abyssinia have been sent to the Zoo, and, until acclimatized, will be put into a cage supplied with radiant heat and light. Sheltered ledges outside the cage will be electrically warmed by rays of artificial sunshine.

LARGE Manufacturing Firm, selling concentrated flavoring extracts in tubes, direct to the homes, wants country Managers throughout the West. Whirlwind sales and repeat orders everywhere. Here is a winner. Write for prospectus today. Send fast. Craig Brothers, Desk C, Niagara Falls, Ontario.

WOOL

Made into yarn 56 lb., or 56 lb. 50c. Write for circular giving our prices for all kinds of wool, including mackinaw coats and pants etc. SUDBURY WOOLLEN MILLS, LIMITED, Sudbury, Ont.

Summer Dress Goods.

+++

Voiles, Crepes, Ratines, Silks, and Fancy Dress Goods in all colors and patterns. Reasonably priced.

+++

Women's and Children's Dresses, Princess Slips, Bloomers, at prices you can afford.

+++

J. MILLER.

We Close Every Wednesday at 1 P.M. during June, July and August.

STONY PLAIN GARAGE

Authorized Ford Dealer.

Buy a Ford Sedan and see what You Have Been Missing.

A RUCKSTELL AXLE Climbs anything.

If you need TIRES, don't buy till you see the K. & S. Cords.

JOHN H. MILLER. :: PHONE 38.

For Economical Transportation see the New

CHEVROLET.

Many entirely new features including long semi-elliptic springs, dry plate disc clutch, one-piece rear axle housing and Duco finish.

Touring Model \$925 Stony Plain.

SERVICE GARAGE

SUMMERFIELD & SCHULTZ.

PHONE 40.

ROYAL HOTEL, Stony Plain.

PHILIP MILLER, :: PROPRIETOR.

TELEPHONE EIGHTEEN.

FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATION FOR TRAVELLERS. EUROPEAN PLAN. RESTAURANT IN CONNECTION.

Trapp's Bake Shop.
Rye and White Bread, fresh every day—3 Loaves 25c.
Bakery, Confectionery, Groceries.
PHILIP TRAPP.

THE SMALL SHOP with the Big Bargains.

Dr. Scholl's Foot Easer Arch Supports, \$3.00. Horseshoe Brand Shoes. Up-to-Date Shoe Repairing at Reasonable Prices.

CARL FISCHER.

Stony Plain and District.

Wednesday next, July 1st, is a public holiday—all places of business in Stony will be closed.

1-lb. chocolate bars at 40c. Clarke's Drug Store.

At the Red Cross Class in the Town Hall last Thursday night the lecture was given by Mrs S C Elliot on "The Feeding and Care of the Child." The next and concluding lecture will be given to-night in the same place by Mrs Elliot.

James, the young son of Mr and Mrs John Shearer, died in Edmonton on Saturday last. This worthy couple were former residents of Stony Plain, and have the sympathy of the entire community in their bereavement.

Johnny Miller is putting on a Ford Parade Wednesday July 1, Sports Day. Bring in your 1924 or 1925 Ford and receive ticket to grounds. Be sure and come!

There will be a demonstration of blowing out stumps and rags on Wednesday July 8, at the farm of Herb Ingram at Carvel. The demonstration is being put on by Mr Michael the Hardware Man.

Mr Louie Schaepp, returned Saturday from Edmonton, where he underwent an operation for appendicitis.

The membership campaign for the Farmers' Pools close Saturday next. Mr Moore of Edmonton was thru Stony district this week, campaigning for signers in the Pools.

Sunday last seen a record crowd at Edmonton Beach. Mr Barrie reports the number of autos broke the record. A good day's sport is being arranged for Wednesday next.

A fire on the Denz. Maisenko farm at Glory Hills on Saturday morning partly destroyed the cow barn. The blaze is thought to have been started by burning embers from a nearby "smudge."

Muir Lake Sporting Club intend holding a dance on the evening of Dominion Day, July 1st.

A meeting of the ratepayers of Carvel S.D. will shortly be held to discuss the advisability of adding another room to the present school. Some of the ratepayers are in favor of moving the school to a more central point, about a mile south of Carvel station.

Liberal Convention, June 29.

The Liberal Convention of Stony Plain Constituency to be held here on Monday June 29 promises to be a well attended affair owing to the fact that there have been no regular delegates appointed to attend, leaving the discussions during the session open to all those in the district identified with the Liberal party. This new departure will be tried on Saturday next at the convention at Alberta Beach for the Lac Ste Anne constituency, and promises to prove successful. More interest has been taken in the approaching convention since the announcement credited to Hon G W Ross of the near approach of the provincial elections.

Sporting Notes.

Walther League basketballers journeyed to the Grove Thursday night and engaged the team there. The Stony team did not seem to be in its usual good trim, but were good enough to smother the Grovers by a score of 11 to 8.

Stony—Amy Foerster, M Goerz, Anna Eberhardt, Julia Miller and Theresia Schoepp.

Spruce Grove—Marie Frieda and Lena Loeblich, Louisa Brox and Mary Hennig.

Herman Loeblich refereed in his usual efficient manner.

A ball game was played on the local grounds on Sunday afternoon between Muir Lake and Walther League. The former won by a good score in a 6 innings contest. The League boys were to have played Stony's team on the completion of the first game, but not enough of the Stony team were on deck for the opening inning.

Duffield's footballers, were billed to play in Stony Sunday afternoon. After a reasonable wait, Capt. Heichen ordered a practice game between local players.

Yes, Stony's Big Sports Day is Wednesday next July the First. Arrangements are being made to have this year's celebration surpass all previous ones.

A good ball team from the City has been engaged, to play the local team, and Eric Heichen has his footballers all ready for all comers. A basketball tournament is on the bill, and various other sporting events. Big dance in Ducholke's Hall in the evening. This will be Stony's one big event this year, owing to there being no Fair in the fall. That old timer and well-known sport, Broomstick Jack, may not be present, but Mr Maisenko has promised to give an exhibition mile with his "race-horse" Pickles.

Tuesday night the basketball game between Garden Valley and Golden Spike resulted in a win by the former of 34 to 3 baskets. Garden Valley basketballers played Stony Plain Centre team last Sunday. Score: Valley 24, S.P. Centre 9.

Muir Lake ball team plays at Garden Valley Sunday the 5th July.

Golden Spike boys are engaged to play a game of basketball with the Garden Valley boys on Monday evening next.

Stony Plain Sports Day, Wednesday, July 1st, 1925,

DANCE! FRIDAY, JULY 3. HOLBORN HALL. GOOD MUSIC. EVERYBODY WELCOME!

Continuing the Meridian Rd.

A meeting of those interested in opening up the Meridian Road from its present terminus at Simer's corner to the Saskatchewan River, was held in Stony Friday night last. It appears that the delegation of those living on the line of the proposed improvement had waited on the Minister of Public Works some time ago, and the Minister had urged on the Spruce Grove Municipality the necessity of proceeding with the work as the onus of making the road rested on them.

Reeve Brox gave a detailed statement of the estimated cost, which amounted to \$3960 for the 13-mile stretch.

The party making the estimate consisted of councillors Schuetz, Brox and McKinlay and Messrs Witherspoon and Pi Miller.

It appears the M.D. of Spruce Grove and Luga had each donated \$500 toward the undertaking with a promise from the Government of "substantial aid" when this was made a market Road.

The object of the meeting was to find out what support (if any) would be forthcoming from Stony Plain in the event of work being proceeded with.

A motion was made that a delegation wait on the Minister of Public Works and that the whole matter be gone into thoroughly. The delegation goes in this week.

The Market Report.

WHEAT.	
No. 1 Northern	1.35
No. 2	1.33
No. 3	1.29
No. 4	1.20
BARLEY.	
2 C. W.	0.42
3 C. W.	.40
Extra 1 Feed	.30
No. 1 Feed	.31
No. 2 Feed	.31
BAILEY.	
No. 3	0.64
No. 4	.62
Feed	.61
Rejected	.51

LOST—\$60 in Dominion Express Co. checks. Reward on return to A J Shand, phone 1613 Stony Plain.

LOST—Two-year-old Sorrel Mare, white strip down face, 2 white hind legs half way up to hocks no brand. Reward on return to C. Albrecht, Stony Plain.

FOR SALE—Improved farm, 320 acres, 5 1/2 miles from Stony Plain, 12 miles from Rosenthal school, 145 acres under cultivation, 115 in crop, balance can be cultivated; the above may be purchased with or without curtilage equipment. C W McKenna, Phone 909, Stony Plain.

M. MAX MECKLENBURG OPTICIAN.
Hodge Bldg., Edmonton. Phone 1880.
3 doors north of Taylor block.
Spectacles, the best at lowest prices.
Special sale on Saturdays.

ICE CREAM! All Flavors! Every Day, at Pfeifer's Ice Cream Parlor, STONY PLAIN.